

The Indianapolis Sentinel.

VOL. XXXIV--NO. 111.

INDIANAPOLIS, TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 21, 1885.

WHOLE NO. 10,175.

WHEN INDICATIONS.

FOR TUESDAY.—Fair weather in east portion; partly cloudy weather and local showers; winds generally southerly; slightly warmer in east portion; stationary temperature in west portion; lower barometer.

IN THE

Gents' Furnishing Department

When Clothing Store

May be found the popular makes of

Gents' Driving Gloves

Consisting of DOG, KID, CASTOR, OAK, and RUBBER, at 75c, 85c, 1.00, 1.25 and 1.50, made with patent fastenings, and with one and two buttons. All goods marked in plain figures, and Retail at Wholesale Prices at the

WHEN CAUTION!

Beware of unscrupulous dealers, who on account of the long-established reputation of the

Decker & Son Pianos,

Are endeavoring to palm off other instruments bearing a similar name for GENUINE DECKER & SON PIANOS, which have stood the test since 1836, and call and see the superiority of these old reliable instruments over any others bearing a similar name.

Theo Pfafflin & Co.
82 and 84 North Pennsylvania St.

Richmond CIGARETTE
Smokers who are willing to pay a little more for Cigarettes than the price charged for the ordinary trade Cigarettes, will find the RICHMOND STRAIGHT CUT No. 1 SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS. They are made from the finest, most delicately flavored, and highest cost Gold Leaf grown in Virginia, and are absolutely without adulteration or drugs. We use the GENUINE FRENCH RICE

Straight Cut No. 1
PAPER of our own direct importation, which is made especially for us, water marked with the name of the brand, RICHMOND STRAIGHT CUT No. 1, on each Cigarette, without which none are genuine. IMITATIONS of this brand have been put on sale, and Cigarette smokers are cautioned that this is the OLD and ORIGINAL brand, and to observe that each package or box of

Richmond Straight Cut Cigarettes bear the signature of

Cigarettes

ALLEN & GINTER,
MANUFACTURERS,
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

BORN & CO.
Furniture,
Stoves,
Carpets,

—OR—
Weekly and Monthly Payments
97 East Washington St.

OUR

\$10,
\$12
—AND—
\$15

SUITS

Are equal to any sold elsewhere at \$5 and \$8 per

MODEL.

GRITTY DEGIERS.

The Russian Premier, Has Apparently Decided Not to Yield a Single Iota to Granville.

Thirty-Two Russian Men-of-War Have Hoisted Their Flags and Put to Sea.

MORE WARLIKE.

The Situation Still Points to War-Wires Burdened With Dispatches.

VARNA, April 20.—Notwithstanding the peaceful tendencies reported from St. Petersburg and London, the aspect of the situation, viewed from Constantinople, still points to war. Russia assuredly means to touch the utmost limit of British forbearance before she will consent to conclude any arrangements for avoiding war. A very shrewd Russian merchant, who has extensive dealings in Southern Russia, remarked this morning: "Don't you think we have moved 150,000 men to the shores of the Caspian to obtain merely a strip of desert? Don't put faith in newspaper reports. We mean war unless England timidly grants all we have wanted. As for Komaroff, the Government will never recall him." The merchant further said that "the authorities at Odessa had received instructions to stop the exportation of cattle that were intended to proceed beyond Constantinople." Ship masters arriving from Russian ports all speak of the imminence of military preparations and of the ill feeling against England.

The Porte still hesitates to show its hand as to neutrality. The official press, evidently under instructions, speaks plainly nevertheless. The notice of certain European powers respecting the passage of the Dardanelles remains unanswered. A Tiflis dispatch to the Moscow Gazette says that Russia can not rely upon Persia in the event of war. Some Russian tourists have lately been expelled from Kharrasan while Englishmen have been freely admitted.

The Vienna Fremdenblatt learns that the English Government has warned English traders on Black Sea ports to prepare to leave. Freight on the Black Sea have risen 50 per cent.

In the House of Commons.

LONDON, April 20.—Mr. Gladstone, in the House of Commons this afternoon, made the following statement: "The government on Friday received a dispatch from Sir Peter Lumsden, but this telegram was not an answer to our inquiries and instructions dispatched to him on the 10th inst. It will be necessary to wait that answer before we can make any statement. The telegram received from Sir Peter Lumsden on Friday tends to confirm his previous statements, which certainly apparently conflicted with General Komaroff's statements."

The Situation Very Serious.

LONDON, April 20, 2 p. m.—The situation of the Russo-Afghan question has again become very serious, owing to Russia increasing her demands to such an extent that it will be impossible for England to accept such terms. M. De Giers, the Russian Premier, who is evidently determined to profit by his recent success in negotiating with the English Foreign Office, has apparently decided not to yield a single iota to Earl Granville. It is now feared that Russia has overstepped the bounds of British forbearance, as it is asserted on high authority that England will never succumb to these latter demands of the Russian Premier. A large number of important dispatches passed between the English and Russian Foreign Offices on Saturday and on Sunday. All the members of the Cabinet remained in London on Sunday, awaiting a reply from Russia to the latest from Earl Granville. Dispatches from Cronstadt state that the Russian fleet there has been ordered to prepare for war instantly and that thirty-two men-of-war have hoisted their flags and put to sea.

There has been a continuous exchange of dispatches between Earl Granville and De Giers since Saturday. It is apparent that the breach is widening.

p. m.—There is now considerable excitement in the exchanges; consols have fallen in the last half hour, and are now 96 cents.

De Giers Defiant.

LONDON, April 20.—The reply of M. De Giers, the Russian Foreign Minister, to Earl Granville's demand for an explanation of General Komaroff's attack upon the Afghans on the Kusk River, which was received at the Foreign Office last Saturday, was considered in Cabinet Council to-day. The reply says General Komaroff's dispatches, copies of which have been forwarded to the British Government, sufficiently explain the Panjdeh incident, and that it is, therefore, needless to supplement them. M. De Giers in his turn complains strongly of what he calls the excessive numbers of General Sir Peter Lumsden's escort. He says this display of a British armed force on Afghan territory, together with the military demonstration at Rawalpindi and Earl Dufferin's defiant language, encouraged the Afghans to provoke a Russian attack by leading them to believe that they could rely upon British support. M. De Giers does not express the slightest regret for General Komaroff's action, and he even suggests that General Komaroff would have neglected his duty if he had failed to attack the Afghans.

Making Preparations for Taking Herat.
LONDON, April 20.—The Warsaw Lagblatt, the Russian official organ for the Government of Warsaw, states that Russia is making the necessary preparations for the taking of Herat.

The Ameer Reluctant to Allow British Troops to Enter Afghanistan.
LONDON, April 20.—The Ameer, owing to the opposition of his subjects, is reluctant to allow British troops to enter Afghanistan, which, it is feared, would cause a rebellion, the Ameer being unpopular. The Ameer is willing to cede Panjdeh to Russia in return

for evacuation of Zulficar passes, which command the road to Herat. A difficulty arises from the refusal of the Russian war party to consent to withdrawal from Zulficar. It is believed that M. De Giers' party are inclined to support this policy, believing that the English Cabinet is inclined to give way.

In a Fair Way for Settlement.

LONDON, April 20.—The Pall Mall Gazette states this afternoon that despite all the prevalent alarmist rumors it is in a position to state that the difference between England and Russia is in a fair way towards settlement.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Chartered a Steamship.

LONDON, April 20.—The Government has chartered the Pacific Steam Navigation Company's steamship Lusitania. She is of 2,420 tons burden.

European Markets.

LONDON, April 20.—The stock market opened dull, but became distinctly flatter on rumors of a hitch in the negotiations between England and Russia, and closing prices were not quite the worst of the day. The feeling toward the closing of business was gloomy, reports from the Continental business of lower prices helping to increase the depression. Business was restricted, operators preferring to await events.

PARIS, April 20.—The bourse opened firm, but closed at a general decline on alarmist advices from London and Berlin.

BRUSSELS, April 20.—The bourse here to-day was heavy and prices were lower, because of the adverse rumors from London. Russian securities fell 2 per cent. The bourse at Frankfurt-on-the-Main was weak in sympathy with the feeling in other cities.

VIENNA, April 20.—There was a weak feeling on the bourse to-day in sympathy with the depression of other bourses.

New Loan.

PARIS, April 20.—The Gaulois affirms the correctness of the report that M. Sadi Carnot, the new French Minister of Finance, will, upon the reassembling of the Chamber of Deputies, present a bill for the issue of a new French loan to amount to 600,000,000 or 700,000,000 francs, and to be issued in the form of perpetual three per cent. rentes.

A Great Scientist about to Visit England.
VIENNA, April 20.—Armenius Vamberger, Professor of Oriental languages in the University of Pesth, and the greatest living scientific authority upon the country and people of Central Asia, among whom he lived many years as a dweller, is about to visit England, by invitation, for the purpose of lecturing.

Strength of the British Army.

LONDON, April 20.—A blue book puts the effective strength of the British regular army at 118,000 men; that of the reserves at 47,000 men; that of the militia at 125,000 men, and that of the volunteer at 215,000 men.

The Royal Visitors.

KILLARNEY, April 20.—The Prince and Princess of Wales left for Dublin to-day. The people cheered, fired of military salutes and sang the National anthem in demonstration of their loyalty as the royal visitors took their leave.

De Giers May Resign.

FRANKFURT-ON-MAIN, April 20.—The Frankfurt Gazette publishes a dispatch from St. Petersburg stating that the resignation of M. De Giers, Russian Minister for Foreign Affairs, became daily more probable.

Wires Cut.

MADRID, April 20.—Early on Sunday morning the telegraph wires between Madrid and Saragosa were cut by some unknown persons. This gave rise to the rumors of a military outbreak, which the official papers affirm were unfounded.

An Amalgamated Scheme.

HALIFAX, April 20.—Two representatives of an English Company have arrived here to submit an offer to the local government for amalgamation and completion of the western railways of the province.

Desires Peace.

VIENNA, April 20.—The Grand Duke Constantine, uncle of the Czar, while here recently declared that the Czar and the entire Imperial Court of Russia desired peace.

Dispatches From Lord Dufferin.

LONDON, April 20.—The Cabinet met to-day to consider the contents of a number of important dispatches just received from Lord Dufferin.

On the Hunt for Osman Digna.

ERAKIM, April 20.—A Sheikh with 700 men of the Ameer tribe has started out to capture Osman Digna for the British.

To Recuperate.

BERLIN, April 20.—It is understood that Bismarck will soon leave for Carlsruhe to recuperate.

Victoria Will Go to Ireland.

DUBLIN, April 20.—It is stated that Queen Victoria has arranged to visit Ireland next autumn.

Lady Wolsey Goes to England.

CARRO, April 20.—Lady Wolsey will return to England on next Thursday.

Army Supplies.

ROME, April 20.—The Kanfullero says that England has ordered 500,000 cans of pressed vegetables from the Circis Company.

Dead.

VIENNA, April 20.—Rudolph Eitelberger von Edelberg, Professor of Aesthetics in the University of Vienna, is dead. He was born in 1817, at Olmutz.

Appointed Coadjutor.

ROME, April 20.—Rev. Richard Phelan has been appointed Coadjutor to the Bishop of Pittsburgh.

Charging the Grand Jury.

LONDON, April 20.—The Recorder, in charging the Grand Jury to-day, dwelt at length upon dynamite outrages, and referred to the cases of Cunningham and Barton,

now awaiting trial on a charge of treason-felony and for alleged complicity in the Parliament House and Tower explosions. He reviewed the evidence which had been adduced against these prisoners during the preliminary examinations, and told the Jury they would find a strong prima facie against both Cunningham and Barton, and said he thought there should be no difficulty in finding a true bill against the prisoners.

Trouble for the Egyptian Government.
PARIS, April 20.—The French press unanimously insists that the government shall continue in its demand upon Egypt for full satisfaction for the suppression of the French newspaper, The Bosphore Egyptian, at Cairo.

NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

Trial of Dickson—Court of Inquiry Appointed—United States Minister Foster, Etc.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The trial of William Dickson, foreman of the jury which was known as the Star Route trial, indicted for corruptly endeavoring to influence jurors, was begun in the Criminal Court to-day.

Secretary Whitney to-day appointed the following Court of Inquiry to investigate the office of Paymaster General Smith: Captain George Brown, President; Medical Director Thomas L. Looker, Captain E. O. Matthews and Paymaster Robert W. Allen, Judge Advocate. The court will meet at 12 m., Thursday next, and will investigate the facts and circumstances connected with certain contracts between A. P. Brown of this city, and Paymaster General Smith, for the delivery of beef, pork and other supplies to the navy.

Hon. John W. Foster, United States Minister to Spain, will sail next Wednesday for Madrid, where he will conduct further negotiations in regard to our commercial relations with Spain and the Spanish colonies.

The President of Salvador has designated Senor Peralta to represent that Republic in Washington. Senor Peralta is already accredited as Minister from Costa Rica.

A delegation from Georgia, consisting of General J. B. Gordon, Senator Colquitt and others, called at the White House this afternoon, and formally invited the President to visit Atlanta during the sessions of the Commercial Convention in the latter part of May.

When Colonel Fred Grant left the house at mid-day to go down town he was feeling hopeful. He said his father passed a better night last night than since the alarming symptoms had developed. He was early dressed, and when the General was no worse it was safe to assume he was better. But more than that, there was no doubt that he was brighter and stronger even than he was Sunday. "A week ago," said the Colonel, "I did not believe father would live a week, or a day, for that matter, but now I believe he is going through the summer all right."

When Dr. Newman left the house he said the General was yesterday asked if he would not go out to drive in the afternoon. He was silent a little while, and then answered: "No, this is Sunday. Prayers for my recovery have been offered to-day in many places, perhaps, through the country, and I think it better I should not go out until Monday."

The General was driven to Mt. St. Vincent and back to the house, having been gone thirty-five minutes. He left the carriage the first of the party, and walked slowly and unaided up the steps and into the house.

Hamilton Fish and wife called during the afternoon and remained in the house for some time. About 8 o'clock this evening a delegation from the Union Veterans Army, headed by General Lewis T. Barney, called and presented a series of resolutions, wherein the members of the Grant family were requested to "whip out the doctors if it took all summer." The delegation was received by Colonel Fred Grant, who assured the gentlemen of his father's good will for their organization. Dr. Douglas arrived about 9:30 p. m. and will probably stay during the night.

GENERAL NEWS.

General Grant Grows Brighter and Stronger, and Was Well Enough To Take a Drive Yesterday.

Prompt Measures To Be Taken to Stamp Out the Pleuro-Pneumonia.

GENERAL GRANT

Takes a Drive To-day—He is Bright and in Good Spirits

NEW YORK, April 20.—No incident interrupted the quiet of the Grant household last night. The light was turned very low in the sick room. The nurse and the General's son Fred were with him, but their patient rested and slept through the night until 6:15 this morning. The family slept all night, as did Dr. Douglas, who remained in the house. The Doctor left about 9 a. m. He will return at 2 o'clock, when it is believed that the General will go to drive. Mark Twain and Dr. Newman were the only callers this morning.

At 1:30 o'clock this afternoon, General Grant's family carriage was driven to the door. Dr. Douglas arrived about the same time. General Grant heard the rumble of wheels, and as the driver reined up the team, the sick man pulled aside the curtains a moment to assure himself that the time had come for the long looked for drive. At exactly 2 o'clock Harrison, with a fair idea up on his arm, emerged from the house and prepared the carriage. A moment later the General appeared. He wore a high hat, about his neck was a silk scarf, and closely buttoned about his figure was a heavy beaver overcoat. The General carried a light cane, and unaided walked down the steps with a firm step. As he crossed the flagging he bowed and smiled as a hundred hats were lifted in salute by those who had assembled on the walk across the street. As the General was stepping into the carriage he glanced up to the colored coachman and made him good morning. Harrison, as he mounted to his place with the driver, remarked: "Doesn't look much like a dead General, does it?"

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FLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

Prompt Measures Will Be Taken to Stamp It Out.

ST. LOUIS, April 20.—A. M. Taylor, Agent of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry, arrived in St. Louis to-day from Washington, and has secured the co-operation of the Missouri Pacific, the Wabash and the Chicago and Alton Railroads in placing an embargo on all cattle from Callaway County, in this State. These railroads have issued instructions to their local agents to refuse all shipments of cattle from Callaway and contiguous counties unless accompanied by a certificate of health from a Government Inspector.

Colonel Hunter, President of the National Cattle and Horse Growers' Association of the United States, sent the following telegram this morning:

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 20.
Hon. Norman J. Coleman, Commissioner of Agriculture, Washington:

Contagious pleuro-pneumonia is spreading in this State, and as individual and local effort is powerless to check its progress I ask you to please the Attorney General immediately, and get a decision on once as to your power under the law to use funds appropriated for the Bureau of Animal Industry to stamp out this contagion, which threatens our entire cattle industry. Prompt action is necessary.

In answer to this Colonel Hunter received the following reply:

WASHINGTON, April 20.
Colonel R. D. Hunter, President:
I have asked the opinion of the Comptroller of the Treasury, and of the Attorney General, as to my power to destroy cattle that have been exposed to pleuro-pneumonia, and am promised a written opinion to-day or to-morrow. As soon as obtained I will inform the public.

NORMAN J. COLEMAN,
Commissioner of Agriculture.

Ballot Box Frauds to be Investigated.
CHICAGO, April 20.—The County Grand Jury was empaneled to-day, the principal work before the body being the investigation of the frauds alleged to have been committed at the recent municipal election. In charging the jury with the responsibilities of its members, Judge Moran called their attention to certain interference with the ballots of voters, which according to statements made to him by State's Attorney Grinnell, would be investigated by this body. He said there was no crime more serious in its results than that of interfering with the franchise of the

people. "The community can better afford to have burglars carry on their nefarious work in its midst than it can for the vote of the people to be stifled. It can better afford to have its banks robbed than its ballots. There is no thief so bad as the villain who seeks to destroy the honest result of a free ballot. It is necessary that a ballot when deposited honestly should be honestly handled by those who have connection and are entrusted with it. The safety of our community depends on the honesty and safety of the ballot."

The jury then began an investigation covering the Third Ward ballot-box robbery.

A MYSTERY EXPLAINED.

The Unknown prowler at Mexico, Mo., Discovered to Be a Bloodhound.

MEXICO, Mo., April 20.—The mystery of the strange animal that for several nights past has been frightening people in East Mexico was closed up last night, much to the relief of a great many persons, especially the darkies. Some days ago a large and fierce-looking bloodhound escaped from an "Uncle Tom's Cabin" Company at a small station just east of this city, and not caring to leave a man to look after the whereabouts of the ferocious brute the manager of the company concluded to let him go. Last night, upon the appearance of the Uncle Tom's Cabin Company in this city, it was announced that one of their largest and most unmanageable bloodhounds had gotten loose somewhere. It was then that the mystery of the strange prowler was made clear and the search for the runaway commenced. Knowing the brute's ferocious nature the searching party was organized mainly among the troops, the colored men belonging to the party in company with a few citizens going in pursuit. Great caution was recommended by the manager, as it was known the hound had run down a man and killed him in the wilds of Arkansas. After a search of two or more hours the dog was brought to bay in an old outhouse in the eastern suburb of the town. Even his former keepers were afraid to advance upon him, as in his half-starved condition it was feared he would be more ferocious than ever and kill some of them. Strategy was resorted to, however, and before the hound was fairly aware of the presence of his pursuers a long pump chain was thrown over his head and made fast. The brute became furious, and his captors began to realize that they had an elephant on their hands. A chunk of meat was brought into requisition, which for a moment diverted the dog's attention, when four of the stoutest negroes grabbed him, and, by an almost superhuman effort, placed a muzzle over his mouth. It took nerve to do it. When the captured animal was brought into town great excitement prevailed, and at the entertainment given by the company the opera-house was crowded from pit to gallery. The dog was not permitted to appear upon the stage, however, as it was feared he would make another leap for liberty. The negroes are highly jubilant over the capture, and all East Mexico breathes easier.

The Russian Attack on Penjdeh Unprovoked.

LONDON, April 21.—Advices from Tirghat, dated April 14, state that the result of all inquiries shows that the attack on Penjdeh by the Russians was absolutely unprovoked. Captain Yate, who remained at Penjdeh in order to see that the Afghans respected the agreement of March 17, had an interview with the Russian staff on the day previous to battle, at which he pointed out that the Afghans had occupied the west bank of the Kusk on March 17, and since the 17th of March the Russians complained of the demeanor of the Afghan troops, and of the aggressive preparations apparent in their lines; also, that the Afghans had declined some teleke Turcoman troops employed at Pul-i-Khisai in the Russian service. This he further accused the Afghans of recognizing with the sweeping charge of arrogance. The facts were that General Komaroff had pushed 3,000 troops forward to a commanding position before the Afghans, who naturally proceeded to strengthen their weaker outpost. This led to the Russians alleging arrogance. The attitude of the Afghans was studiously moderate, and there is no color to the pretense that their movements were even irritating. They even allowed the Russians to inspect their arrangements at Pul-i-Khisai. General Komaroff's troops are reported to have withdrawn from Penjdeh after the battle. Their withdrawal, however, was a mere ruse by which they sacrificed nothing and which, it was calculated, might moderate the resentment that was certain to be felt by the Afghans if the Russian defeat were already painfully obvious.

Ex-Secretary of State's Health.

NEWARK, N. J., April 20.—Mr. Frelinghuysen is evidently losing strength, being to-day much weaker, and even liquid nourishment in small quantities has been given with difficulty. It is thought he cannot last many days more, though there is no immediate danger.

Bondholders' Meeting.

PHILADELPHIA, April 20.—The Philadelphia holders of the first mortgage bonds of the New York, West Shore and Buffalo Railway met to-day, and organized to protect their interests in those securities. A committee was appointed to confer with bondholders elsewhere.

A Four Days' Cocking Match.

LYNCHBURG, Va., April 20.—A four days' cocking match between Virginia and Washington City birds, for \$100 a battle and \$1,000 a side, was opened here this afternoon. Six battles took place, and the contest was a draw.

INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—12:30 a. m.

For the Tennessee and Ohio Valley.—Fair weather in eastern portion; local showers and partly cloudy weather; winds generally southerly, slightly warmer in eastern portion, stationary temperature in western portion, lower barometer.

For the Upper Lake Region.—Generally cloudy weather and rain, southerly winds, except near Lake Superior, variable winds, falling, followed in the extreme northwestern portion by rising barometer, slight changes in temperature in the southern portion, rising temperature in the northern portion, followed in the extreme northwestern portion by colder weather.